

Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspection Date: 08/31/2023							
Owner Information							
Owner Name: Village Square of Titusville Condo				Contact Person:			
	s: 1755 Harrison St			Home Phone:			
	itusville	Zip:	32780	Work Phone:			
	: Brevard			Cell Phone:			
	ce Company:			Policy #:			
Year of	<sup>Home:</sup> 1985	# of Stories: 2		Email: office@cloverkeyservices	.com ; aden.cloverkeyinc@gmail.com		
accomp	Any documentation used in vocany this form. At least one plot.  The insurer may ask addit	otograph must accom	pany this form to valid	date each attribute marke	ed in questions 3		
<ol> <li>Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?</li> <li>A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)</li></ol>							
	ering identified.	A/Replacement OR indicate that no information was available to verify compliance for each specific properties.  Permit Application FBC or MDC Year of Original Installation or Provided for Date Product Approval # Replacement Compliance					
	1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	#1755, Permit 10-0000	1154 applied 8/31/10,	final 10/06/10.			
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	<u> </u>				П		
	<u> </u>				_		
	_	/					
	6. Other	//					
	installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.  B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later.  C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".  D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".  Roof Deck Attachment: What is the weakest form of roof deck attachment?  A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or woo shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivaler mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.  B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance 8d nails spaced maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.  C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groov decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or less than 6 inches in width)OR Any system of screws, nails,						
•							
*This v	erification form is valid for up	to five (5) years provi	ded no material chang	ges have been made to the	structure.		

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or greater resistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least						
182 psf.						
<ul><li>□ D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.</li><li>□ E. Other:</li></ul>						
F. Unknown or unidentified.						
G. No attic access.						
4. <b>Roof to Wall Attachment:</b> What is the <b>WEAKEST</b> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within 5 feet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)						
A. Toe Nails						
Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or						
Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D						
Minimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:						
Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, <b>and</b>						
Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter <b>and</b> blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, <b>and</b> free of visible severe corrosion.						
B. Clips						
Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or						
Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.						
C. Single Wraps  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.						
D. Double Wraps						
Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, <b>or</b>						
Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.						
E. Structural Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.						
F. Other:						
G. Unknown or unidentified						
H. No attic access						
5. <b>Roof Geometry:</b> What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).						
A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.						
Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet  B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of						
less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft						
C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.						
6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)  A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.						
B. No SWR.  C. Unknown or updetermined.						
Inspectors Initials Property Address 1755 Harrison St Titusville Fl 32780						

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7. <u>Opening Protection</u>: What is the <u>weakest</u> form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. **Second**, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings **and** (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart  Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		×	×	X		X
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N.	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
N	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	×				×	

N	Specific Products and appear to be 7 of 5 but the not verifica							
14	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C							
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	×				X		
A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure								
	and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).							
	Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203							
• Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203								
American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996								
Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12								
<ul> <li>For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996</li> </ul>								
For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115								
	A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-G	Glazed open	ings exist					
	A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above							
Ш	A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X	in the table	above					
o <sub>l</sub> in	B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazer openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection device in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):  • ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)							
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)								
	• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)							
B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist								
	B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above							
	B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the	ne table abo	ve					
	C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).  C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist							
	C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table about	ove, and no	Non-Glaze	d openings	classified	l as Leve	l N or X in	

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the table above

Inspectors Initials

C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter	systems with no document	tation) All Glazed openings are protected with					
protective coverings not meeting the requirements of A	nswer "A", "B", or C" or sy	ystems that appear to meet Answer "A" or "B"					
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).  N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist							
N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, o  N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level	·	, ,					
table above	b in the table above, and no is	ton-Glazed openings classified as Level A in the					
N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Lev	rel X in the table above						
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glaz	ed openings classified and	Level X in the table above.					
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST I	BE CERTIFIED BY A QUA	LIFIED INSPECTOR.					
Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, prov	~ ·	• • •					
Joseph Fonte	License Type: Home Inspector	License or Certificate #: HI13365					
Inspection Company: Honor Services		Phone: (321) 327-2950					
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	: (check one)						
Mome inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statut	es who has completed the statu						
training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board	• •	cy exam.					
<ul> <li>☐ Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida</li> <li>☐ General, building or residential contractor licensed under Sectio</li> </ul>							
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida S	·						
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida S							
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.							
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under							
under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes, must inspect the s Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a dir							
experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.	ect employee who possess	es the requisite skin, knowledge, and					
I, Joseph Fonte am a qualified inspector and I personally performed the inspection or (licensed							
(print name)							
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my empl		) perform the inspection e of inspector)					
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.	7	•					
Qualified Inspector Signature: Date: Date:							
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross no subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance	egligence provides a false	or fraudulent mitigation verification form is					
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (S	Section 627.711(4)-(7), Flor	rida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who					
certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally							
performed the inspection.							
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualified residence identified on this form and that proof of identification							
Signature:	Date:						
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to w							
of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)	Then the marvidual of the	nty is not citated commes a misdemeanor					
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes on	aly and cannot he used to a	certify any product or construction feature					
as offering protection from hurricanes.	ny and cannot be used to	ter my any product or construction reacure					
Inspectors Initials Property Address 1755 Harrison	n St Titusville Fl 327	80					
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Front Right





Rear Left





Openings not protected

Clip





6x6 nail pattern



6x6 nail pattern



Address 8d nail